

**TYPE TEST CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETE TYPE TESTS****OBJECT** A three-core heat-shrinkable straight-through joint**TYPE** GSJ/ XAS/1233 A

Rated voltage, $U_0/U$ ( $U_m$ )	6,35/11 (12) kV	Conductor material	AL
Conductor cross-section	3 x 185 mm <sup>2</sup>	Insulation material	XLPE

**MANUFACTURER** Gala Shrink Fit,  
Mumbai, India**CLIENT** Gala Shrink Fit,  
Mumbai, India**TESTED BY** KEMA Nederland B.V.,  
Arnhem, The Netherlands**DATE OF TESTS** 12 August 2014 to 5 February 2015

The object, constructed in accordance with the description, drawings and photographs incorporated in this Certificate, has been subjected to the series of proving tests in accordance with

**IEC 60502-4 (2010)**

This Type Test Certificate has been issued by KEMA following exclusively the STL Guides.

**The results are shown in this document. The values obtained and the general performance are considered to comply with the above Standard and to justify the ratings assigned by the manufacturer as listed on page 4.**

This Certificate applies only to the object tested. The responsibility for conformity of any object having the same type references as that tested rests with the manufacturer.

This Certificate consists of 65 pages in total.

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KEMA Nederland B.V.

S.A.M. Verhoeven  
Director Testing, Inspections &  
Certification The Netherlands

Arnhem, 30 April 2015

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## 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE OBJECT TESTED

### 1.1 Ratings/characteristics of the object tested and proved by tests

Rated voltage, $U_0/U$ ( $U_m$ )	6,35/11 (12) kV
Rated maximum conductor temperature in normal operation	90 °C
Rated conductor cross-section	3 x 185 mm <sup>2</sup>
Thermal short-circuit current	22,5 kA

### 1.2 Characteristics of the joint for cables with extruded insulation

Manufacturer	Gala Shrink Fit, Mumbai, India
Type	heat-shrinkable straight-through joint
Year of manufacture	2014
Rated voltage, $U_0/U$ ( $U_m$ )	6,35/11 (12) kV
No. of cores	3
Dynamic short-circuit current	not applicable
Type connector	inline connector
Length connector	100 mm
Internal diameter connector	16 mm
External diameter connector	27 mm
Type of stress control	stress grading mastic

### 1.3 Characteristics of the test cable

Note: the cable is not part of the type test.

Manufacturer (as stated by the client)	Apar Industries Limited, India
Type	$U_0 = 6$ kV 3x185 mm <sup>2</sup> Al/XLPE/CTS/PVC/SWA/PVC (A2XCEWY) CABLE
Manufacturing year	2014
Rated voltage, $U_0/U$ ( $U_m$ )	6/10 (12) kV
No. of cores	3
Core identification	core 1 = red core 2 = yellow core 3 = blue
Marking on the oversheath	AIL/UNIT: UNIFLEX CABLES- INDIA 'UNICAB' 6/10 (12) KV XLPE CABLE '3X185 Sq.mm 2014
Construction	see List of drawings

**Conductor**

- material	aluminium
- cross-section	185 mm <sup>2</sup>
- nominal diameter	16,2 mm
- type	stranded circular compacted
- maximum conductor temperature in normal operation	90 °C
- presence and nature of measures to achieve longitudinal watertightness	no

**Conductor screen**

- material	extruded semi-conducting compound
- nominal thickness	0,6 mm
- material designation	extruded semi-conducting compound
- manufacturer of the material	Hanwha and Sakun Polymer

**Insulation**

- material	XLPE
- nominal thickness	3,4 mm

**Insulation (core) screen**

- material	extruded semi-conducting compound
- strippable	yes
- nominal thickness	0,5 mm

**Metal screen**

- material	two annealed plain copper tape
- type	helical
- nominal thickness and width of tape	0,03 x 40 mm (overlap 10%)
- nominal thickness and width of tape	2 x 40 mm (overlap 10%)
- cross-sectional area	27,6 mm <sup>2</sup> three cores together

**Inner coverings and fillers**

- material	yes
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**Separation sheath**

- material	PVC, type ST <sub>2</sub>
- nominal thickness	1,6 mm
- manufacturer of the material	Gala Shrink Fit, Mumbai, India

**Metal armour**

- material	galvanised steel round wires
- number of wires	68
- nominal diameter of wires	2,5 mm
- cross-sectional area	333,8 mm <sup>2</sup>

**Metal foil or tape, longitudinally applied, bonded to the oversheath** no

**Oversheath**

- material PVC, type ST<sub>2</sub>
- nominal thickness 3,3 mm
- nominal overall diameter of the cable (D) 72,0 mm
- material designation PVC, type ST2
- manufacturer of the material Gala Shrink Fit, Mumbai, India
- colour black

**Manufacturing details insulation system**

- location of manufacturing Umbergaon, India
- type of extrusion line CCV
- type of extrusion triple common extrusion
- curing means dry
- cooling means dry
- manufacturing length (where cable sample for testing has been taken from) 100 m

#### 1.4 List of drawings

The manufacturer has guaranteed that the object submitted for tests has been manufactured in accordance with the following drawing and documents. KEMA has verified that this drawing and documents adequately represent the object tested. The manufacturer is responsible for the correctness of this drawing and documents and the technical data presented.

The following drawing and documents have been included in this Certificate:

Drawing No./document No.	Revision
GTSP/L/K3/06/14	00

The following document is only listed for reference and is kept in KEMA's files:

Document no.	Revision/date
Components list GSJ/XAS/1233A	-
Jointing instruction GSJ/XAS/1233A	-



**2 GENERAL INFORMATION**

**2.1 The tests were witnessed by**

<b>Name</b>	<b>Company</b>
Mr Gurubax Singh 12 August to 15 August 2014	Gala Shrink Fit, Mumbai, India

**2.2 The tests were carried out by**

<b>Name</b>	<b>Company</b>
Mr A. Sengers	KEMA Nederland B.V., Arnhem, The Netherlands
Ms H. He	
Mr T. Ariaans	
Mr E. Pultrum	
Mr D. Bouchier	
Mr N. Dobbe	
Mr K. van der Linden	

**2.3 Measurement uncertainty**

A table with measurement uncertainties is enclosed in this Certificate. Unless otherwise stated, the measurement uncertainties of the results presented in this Certificate are as indicated in that table.



### 3 TEST SEQUENCE 2.1 FOR JOINT (TWO JOINTS)

#### 3.1 Test arrangement

##### 3.1.1 Determination of the cable conductor temperature

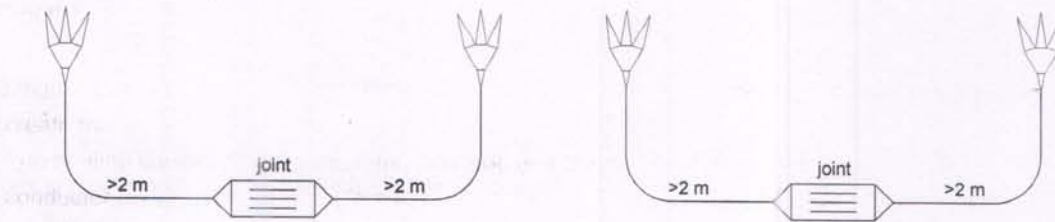
###### Standard

Standard IEC 60840, Annex A, Subclause A.3.1 was used as a guide

For the tests at elevated temperature, a reference loop for temperature control of the conductor was installed and conductor current was used for heating. The reference cable was cut from the total cable length intended for the type test. This reference loop was installed close to the main loop in order to create the same environmental conditions as for the test loop.

The heating currents in both the reference loop and the test loop were kept equal at all times, thus the conductor temperature of the reference loop is representative for the conductor temperature of the test loop. IEC 60840, Annex A was used as a guide and IEC 60840, Subclause A.3.1, method 1 was applied.

The tests at elevated temperature are carried out after the conductor temperature has been within the stated temperature limits for at least 2 hours. The test set-up was consisting of a joint as part of a cable system, also incorporating two outdoor terminations which are not part of the type test objects. The test set-up of two separate main test loops connected in series.



Sample 1 and 2 for test sequence 2.1

**4 TEST SEQUENCE 2.1**

**4.1 DC voltage dry**

**Standard and date**

Standard IEC 60502-4, Table 6, test number 1

Test date 12 August 2014

**Environmental conditions**

Ambient temperature 21 °C

Temperature of test object 21 °C

Testing arrangement		Voltage applied, DC		Duration (min)
Voltage applied to	Earth connected to	... x U <sub>0</sub>	(kV)	
Conductor 1, 2 and 3 of test loop 1	Metal screens	6	38	15
Conductor 1, 2 and 3 of test loop 2	Metal screens	6	38	15

**Note**

On request of the client the test has been performed more severely at 6 x U<sub>0</sub> instead of 4 x U<sub>0</sub>.

**Requirement**

No breakdown or flashover shall occur.

**Result**

The object passed the test.

4.2. AC voltage dry

**Standard and date**

Standard IEC 60502-4, Table 6, test number 1  
 Test date 12 August 2014

**Environmental conditions**

Ambient temperature 21 °C  
 Temperature of test object 22 °C

Testing arrangement		Voltage applied, 50 Hz		Duration (min)
Voltage applied to	Earth connected to	... x U <sub>0</sub>	(kV)	
Conductor 1, 2 and 3 of test loop 1	Metal screens	4,5	28,5	5
Conductor 1, 2 and 3 of test loop 2	Metal screens	4,5	28,5	5

**Requirement**

No breakdown or flashover shall occur.

**Result**

The object passed the test.

### 4.3 Partial discharge at ambient temperature

#### Standard and date

Standard IEC 60502-4, Table 6, test number 2  
 Test date 13 August 2014

#### Environmental conditions

Ambient temperature 22 °C

#### Characteristic test data

Temperature of test object 22 °C  
 Circuit direct  
 Calibration 5 pC  
 Noise level at 1,73 U<sub>0</sub> 2,5 pC  
 Declared sensitivity 5 pC  
 Required sensitivity ≤ 5 pC  
 Centre frequency 117,5 kHz  
 Bandwidth (Δf) 100 kHz  
 Test frequency 50 Hz  
 Coupling capacitor 2600 pF

Core	Voltage applied, 50 Hz		Duration (s)	Partial discharge level (pC)
	... x U <sub>0</sub>	(kV)		
1 of test loop 1	2	12,5	10	-
	1,73	11	-	Not detectable
2 of test loop 1	2	12,5	10	-
	1,73	11	-	Not detectable
3 of test loop 1	2	12,5	10	-
	1,73	11	-	Not detectable
1 of test loop 2	2	12,5	10	-
	1,73	11	-	Not detectable
2 of test loop 2	2	12,5	10	-
	1,73	11	-	Not detectable
3 of test loop 2	2	12,5	10	-
	1,73	11	-	Not detectable

#### Requirement

The maximum partial discharge level from the test object at 1,73 U<sub>0</sub> shall not exceed 10 pC.

#### Result

The object passed the test.

#### 4.4 Impulse voltage at elevated temperature

##### Standard and date

Standard IEC 60502-4, Table 6, test number 3  
 Test date 26 August 2015

##### Environmental conditions

Ambient temperature 21 °C

##### Characteristic test data

Temperature of test object 97 °C  
 Specified test voltage 95 kV

Testing arrangement		Polarity	Voltage applied (% of test voltage)	No. of impulses	See figure on next pages
Voltage applied to	Earthed				
Conductor 1 test loop 1 and 2	Metal screens and conductor 2 and 3	Positive	50	1	1 (waveshape)
			65	1	2
			80	1	2
			100	10	3 and 4
Conductor 1 test loop 1 and 2	Metal screens and conductor 2 and 3	Negative	50	1	5 (waveshape)
			65	1	6
			80	1	6
			100	10	7 and 8
Conductor 2 test loop 1 and 2	Metal screens and conductor 1 and 3	Positive	50	1	9 (waveshape)
			65	1	10
			80	1	10
			100	10	11 and 12
Conductor 2 test loop 1 and 2	Metal screens and conductor 1 and 3	Negative	50	1	13(waveshape)
			65	1	14
			80	1	14
			100	10	15 and 16
Conductor 3 test loop 1 and 2	Metal screens and conductor 1 and 2	Positive	50	1	17 (waveshape)
			65	1	18
			80	1	18
			100	10	19 and 20
Conductor 3 I test loop 1 and 2	Metal screens and conductor 1 and 2	Negative	50	1	21 (waveshape)
			65	1	22
			80	1	22
			100	10	23 and 24

##### Note

On request of the client the applied LI voltage was 95 kV instead of 75 kV.

**Requirement**

Each core of the cable and accessory shall withstand without failure 10 positive and 10 negative voltage impulses.

**Result**

The object passed the test.

**4.5 Heating cycle voltage in air**

**Standard and date**

Standard IEC 60502-4, Table 6, test number 4  
 Test dates 28 August to 9 October 2014

**Environmental conditions**

Ambient temperature 20-22 °C

**Characteristic test data**

Heating method conductor current  
 Stabilized temperature 97 °C

No. of heating cycles	Required steady conductor temperature (°C)	Heating current during steady condition (A)	Heating cycle			Voltage	
			Heating		Cooling	Total duration (h)	Voltage applied 2,5 U <sub>0</sub> (kV)
			Total duration (h)	Duration of conductor at steady temperature (h)	Total duration (h)		
63	95-100	approx. 409	5	2	4	9	16

**Note**

On request of the client the applied number of heating cycles was 63 instead of 30.

**Requirement**

No breakdown shall occur.

**Result**

The object passed the test.

**4.6 Heating cycle voltage under water**

**Standard and date**

Standard IEC 60502-4, Table 6, test number 5  
 Test dates 10 October to 3 November 2014

**Environmental conditions**

Ambient temperature 20-22 °C

**Characteristic test data**

Heating method conductor current  
 Stabilized temperature 97 °C  
 Height above water 1 m

No. of heating cycles	Required steady conductor temperature (°C)	Heating current during steady condition (A)	Heating cycle			Voltage	
			Heating		Cooling	Total duration (h)	Voltage applied 2,5 U <sub>0</sub> (kV)
			Total duration (h)	Duration of conductor at steady temperature (h)	Total duration (h)		
63	95-100	approx. 416	5	2	4	9	16

**Note 1**

For accessories used with non-longitudinal water blocked cable designs, the heating cycles voltage test under water shall be performed with oversheath damage. The oversheath of the cable is opened up to the core.

The joints were placed inside vessels, filled with water with a height of 1 meter above the top surface of the accessory.

On request of the client the applied number of heating cycles was 63 instead of 30.

**Requirement**

No breakdown shall occur.

**Result**

The object passed the test.



#### 4.7 Partial discharge at elevated and ambient temperature

##### 4.7.1 Partial discharge at elevated temperature

###### Standard and date

Standard IEC 60502-4, Table 6, test number 6

Test date 11 November 2014

###### Environmental conditions

Ambient temperature 20 °C

###### Characteristic test data

Temperature of test object 97 °C  
 Circuit direct  
 Calibration 5 pC  
 Noise level at 1,73 U<sub>0</sub> 2 pC  
 Declared sensitivity 4 pC  
 Required sensitivity ≤ 5 pC  
 Centre frequency 98 kHz  
 Bandwidth (Δf) 100 kHz  
 Test frequency 50 Hz  
 Coupling capacitor 2600 pF

Core	Voltage applied, 50 Hz		Duration (s)	Partial discharge level (pC)
	... x U <sub>0</sub>	(kV)		
1 of test loop 1 and 2	2	12,5	10	-
	1,73	11	-	Not detectable
2 of test loop 1 and 2	2	12,5	10	-
	1,73	11	-	Not detectable
3 of test loop 1 and 2	2	12,5	10	-
	1,73	11	-	Not detectable

###### Requirement

The maximum partial discharge level from the test object at 1,73 U<sub>0</sub> shall not exceed 10 pC.

###### Result

The object passed the test.

**4.7.2 Partial discharge at ambient temperature**

**Standard and date**

Standard IEC 60502-4, Table 6, test number 6  
 Test date 13 November 2014

**Environmental conditions**

Ambient temperature 20 °C

**Characteristic test data**

Temperature of test object 20 °C  
 Circuit direct  
 Calibration 5 pC  
 Noise level at 1,73 U<sub>0</sub> 2,5 pC  
 Declared sensitivity 5 pC  
 Required sensitivity ≤ 5 pC  
 Centre frequency 124,5 kHz  
 Bandwidth (Δf) 100 kHz  
 Test frequency 50 Hz  
 Coupling capacitor 2600 pF

Core	Voltage applied, 50 Hz		Duration (s)	Partial discharge level (pC)
	... x U <sub>0</sub>	(kV)		
1 of test loop 1 and 2	2	12,5	10	-
	1,73	11	-	Not detectable
2 of test loop 1 and 2	2	12,5	10	-
	1,73	11	-	Not detectable
3 of test loop 1 and 2	2	12,5	10	-
	1,73	11	-	Not detectable

**Requirement**

The maximum partial discharge level from the test object at 1,73 U<sub>0</sub> shall not exceed 10 pC.

**Result**

The object passed the test.

#### 4.8 Impulse voltage at ambient temperature

##### Standard and date

Standard IEC 60502-4, Table 6, test number 10

Test date 14 November 2014

##### Environmental conditions

Ambient temperature 20 °C

##### Characteristic test data

Temperature of test object 20 °C

Specified test voltage 95 kV

Testing arrangement		Polarity	Voltage applied (% of test voltage)	No. of impulses	See figure on next pages
Voltage applied to	Earthed				
Conductor 1 of test loop 1 and 2	Metal screens and conductor 2 and 3	Positive	50	1	1 (waveshape)
			65	1	2
			80	1	2
			100	10	3 and 4
Conductor 1 of test loop 1 and 2	Metal screens and conductor 2 and 3	Negative	50	1	5 (waveshape)
			65	1	6
			80	1	6
			100	10	7 and 8
Conductor 2 of test loop 1 and 2	Metal screens and conductor 1 and 3	Positive	50	1	9 (waveshape)
			65	1	10
			80	1	10
			100	10	11 and 12
Conductor 2 of test loop 1 and 2	Metal screens and conductor 1 and 3	Negative	50	1	13 (waveshape)
			65	1	14
			80	1	14
			100	10	15 and 16
Conductor 3 of test loop 1 and 2	Metal screens and conductor 1 and 2	Positive	50	1	17(waveshape)
			65	1	18
			80	1	18
			100	10	19 and 20
Conductor 3 of test loop 1 and 2	Metal screens and conductor 1 and 2	Negative	50	1	21 (waveshape)
			65	1	22
			80	1	22
			100	10	23 and 24

##### Note

On request of the client the applied LI voltage was 95 kV instead of 75 kV.

**Requirement**

Each core of the cable and accessory shall withstand without failure 10 positive and 10 negative voltage impulses.

**Result**

The object passed the test.

#### 4.9 AC voltage dry

**Standard and date**

Standard IEC 60502-4, Table 6, test number 11  
Test date 17 November 2014

**Environmental conditions**

Ambient temperature 20 °C  
Temperature of test object 20 °C

Testing arrangement		Voltage applied, 50 Hz		Duration
Voltage applied to	Earth connected to	... x U <sub>0</sub>	(kV)	(min)
Conductor 1,2 and 3 of test loop 1 and 2	Metal screens	2,5	16	15

**Requirement**

No breakdown or flashover shall occur.

**Result**

The object passed the test.

#### 4.10 Examination

##### Standard and date

Standard IEC 60502-4, Table 6, test number 12

Test date 1 December 2014

##### Environmental conditions

Ambient temperature 21 °C

Temperature of test object 21 °C

Test loop	Observations <sup>1)</sup>
1 and 2	None of the following has been detected: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- cracking in the filling material and/or tape or tubing components</li><li>- a moisture path bridging a primary seal</li><li>- corrosion and/or tracking and/or erosion which would, in time, lead to a failure of the accessory</li><li>- leakage of any insulating material</li></ul>

1) Photographs of the examination are presented on the next page

##### Result

The results are for information only.

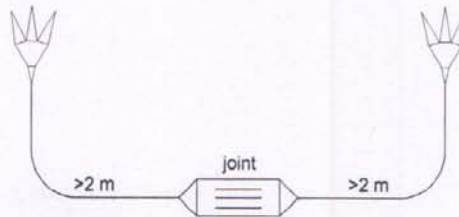
**5 TEST SEQUENCE 2.2 FOR JOINT (ONE JOINT)****5.1 Test arrangement****5.1.1 Determination of the cable conductor temperature****Standard**

Standard IEC 60840, Annex A, Subclause A.3.1 was used as a guide

For the tests at elevated temperature, a reference loop for temperature control of the conductor was installed and conductor current was used for heating. The reference cable was cut from the total cable length intended for the type test. This reference loop was installed close to the main loop in order to create the same environmental conditions as for the test loop.

The heating currents in both the reference loop and the test loop were kept equal at all times, thus the conductor temperature of the reference loop is representative for the conductor temperature of the test loop. IEC 60840, Annex A was used as a guide and IEC 60840, Subclause A.3.1, method 1 was applied.

The tests at elevated temperature are carried out after the conductor temperature has been within the stated temperature limits for at least 2 hours. The test set-up was consisting of a joint as part of a cable system, also incorporating a heat-shrinkable outdoor termination and a heat-shrinkable indoor termination.



Sample 3 for test sequence 2.2

5.2 DC voltage dry

**Standard and date**

Standard IEC 60502-4, Table 6, test number 1

Test date 12 August 2014

**Environmental conditions**

Ambient temperature 21 °C

Temperature of test object 22 °C

Testing arrangement		Voltage applied, DC		Duration (min)
Voltage applied to	Earth connected to	... x U <sub>0</sub>	(kV)	
Conductor 1,2 and 3 of test loop 3	Metal screens	6	38	15

**Note**

On request of the client the test has been performed more severely at 6 x U<sub>0</sub> instead of 4 x U<sub>0</sub>.

**Requirement**

No breakdown or flashover shall occur.

**Result**

The object passed the test.



**5.3 AC voltage dry****Standard and date**

Standard IEC 60502-4, Table 6, test number 1

Test date 12 August 2014

**Environmental conditions**

Ambient temperature 21 °C

Temperature of test object 22 °C

Testing arrangement		Voltage applied, 50 Hz		Duration
Voltage applied to	Earth connected to	... x $U_0$	(kV)	(min)
Conductor 1,2 and 3 of test loop 3	Metal screens and conductor 2 and 3	4,5	28,5	5

**Requirement**

No breakdown or flashover shall occur.

**Result**

The object passed the test.

**5.4 Thermal short circuit (screen)**

**Standard and date**

Standard IEC 60502-4, Table 6, test number 7  
 Test date 9 January 2015

**Environmental conditions**

Ambient temperature 22 °C

**Characteristic test data**

Stabilized conductor temperature 97 °C

<b>Conductor heating</b>		
Required conductor temperature $\theta$ (°C)	Applied 3-phase heating current (A)	Conductor stable at 97 °C before short-circuit application (h)
$95 \leq \theta \leq 100$	530	2

<b>Short-circuit application on screen (see figures on the next pages)</b>			
Specified short-circuit current (kA)	Frequency (Hz)	Duration (s)	Number of short-circuit applications
2,5	50	1	2

**Procedure**

The conductor temperature shall be maintained within the stated temperature limits for at least 2 h before carrying out the short-circuit test. Between the two short-circuit applications, the cable screen shall be allowed to cool down to a temperature less than 10 K above its temperature prior to the first short-circuit application.

**Requirement**

No visible deterioration may occur.

**Result**

The object passed the test.

**5.5 Thermal short circuit test**

**Standard and date**

Standard IEC 60502-4, Table 6, test number 8  
 Test date 28 January 2015

**Environmental conditions**

Ambient temperature 11 °C

**Characteristic test data**

Conductor material		Aluminum
Cross section conductor	185	mm <sup>2</sup>
Maximum short circuit conductor temperature	250	°C

**First short circuit application**

Start temperature of test object (measured value)	13,5	°C
Selected duration of short circuit current	1	s
Calculated short circuit current	22,5	kA
Thermal current, three phase	22,7	kA
Duration	1,06	s

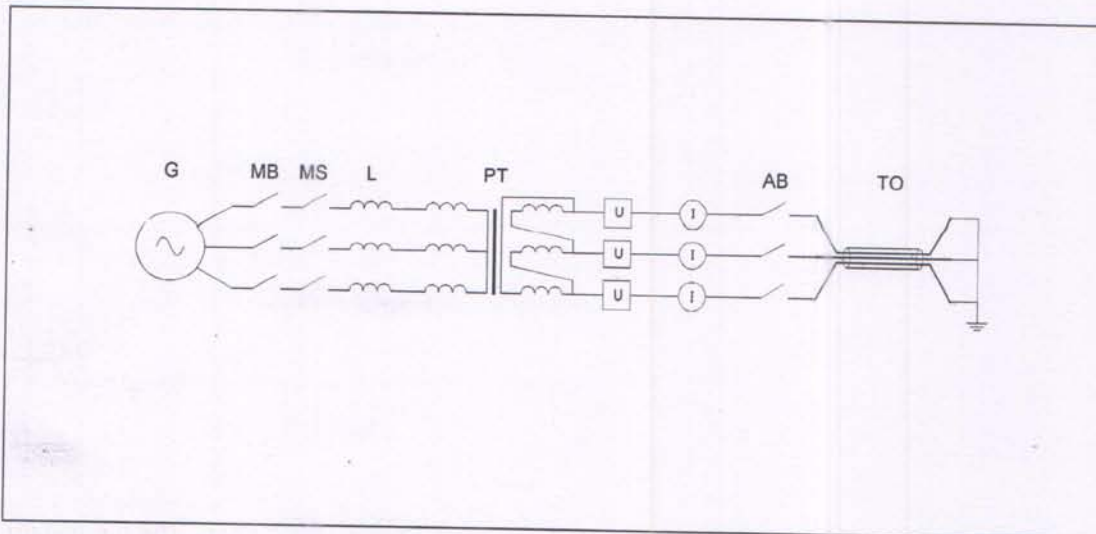
**Second short circuit application**

Start temperature of test object (measured value)	13,5	°C
Selected duration of short circuit current	1	s
Calculated short circuit current	22,5	kA
Thermal current, three phase	22,7	kA
Duration	1,05	s

**Procedure**

Two short-circuits shall be applied to raise the conductor temperature to the maximum permissible short-circuit temperature of the cable within 5 s. Between the two short-circuits, the test loop shall be allowed to cool to a temperature less than 10 K above its temperature prior to the first short-circuit.

Test circuit S01



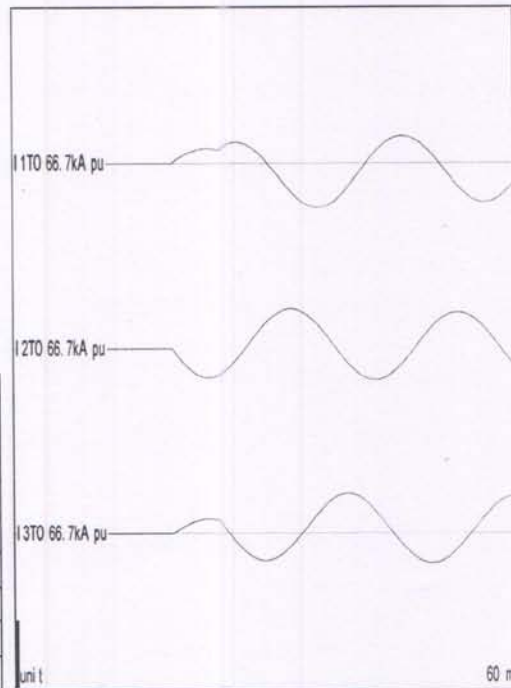
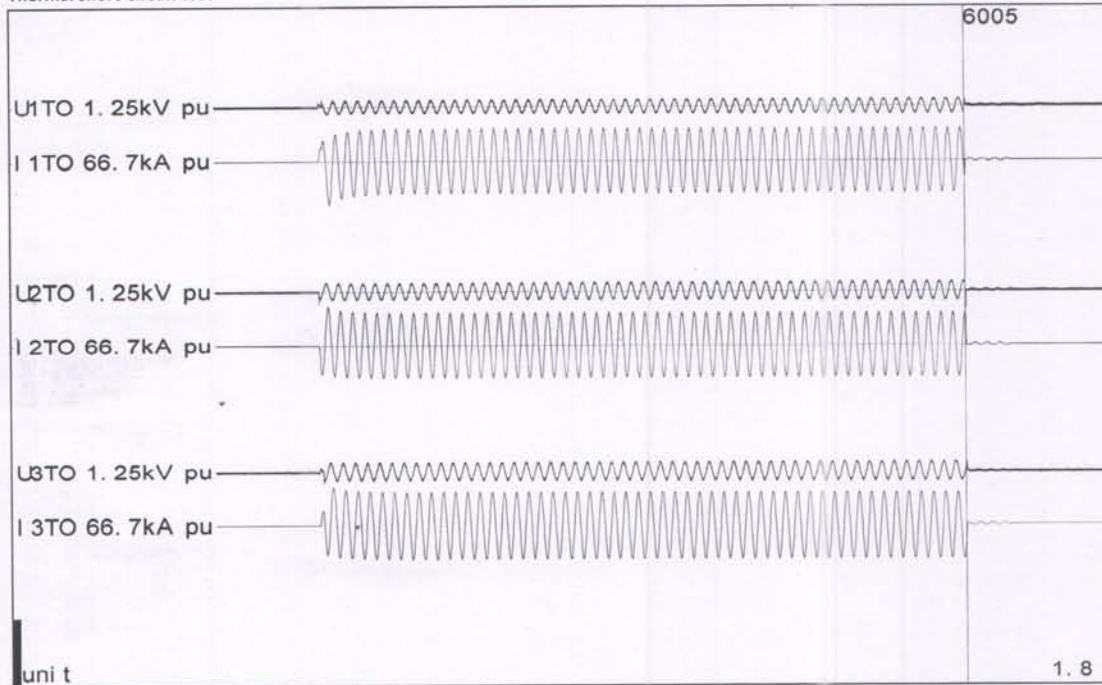
G = Generator      TO = Test Object      U = Voltage Measurement to earth  
 MB = Master Breaker      L = Reactor      I = Current Measurement  
 MS = Make Switch  
 PT = Power Transformer

Supply		
Power	MVA	47,2
Frequency	Hz	50
Phase(s)		3
Voltage	kV	2,2
Current	kA	22
Impedance	$\Omega$	0,033
Power factor		< 0,1
Neutral		Not earthed

Load	
Short-circuit point	earthed

5.6 Test results and oscillograms

Thermal short-circuit test



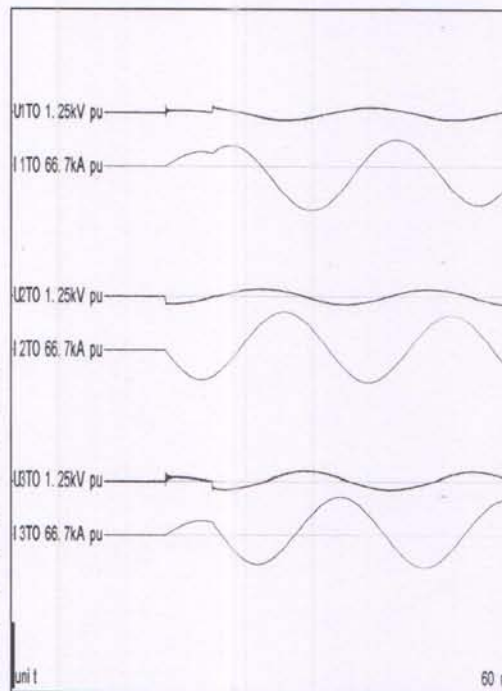
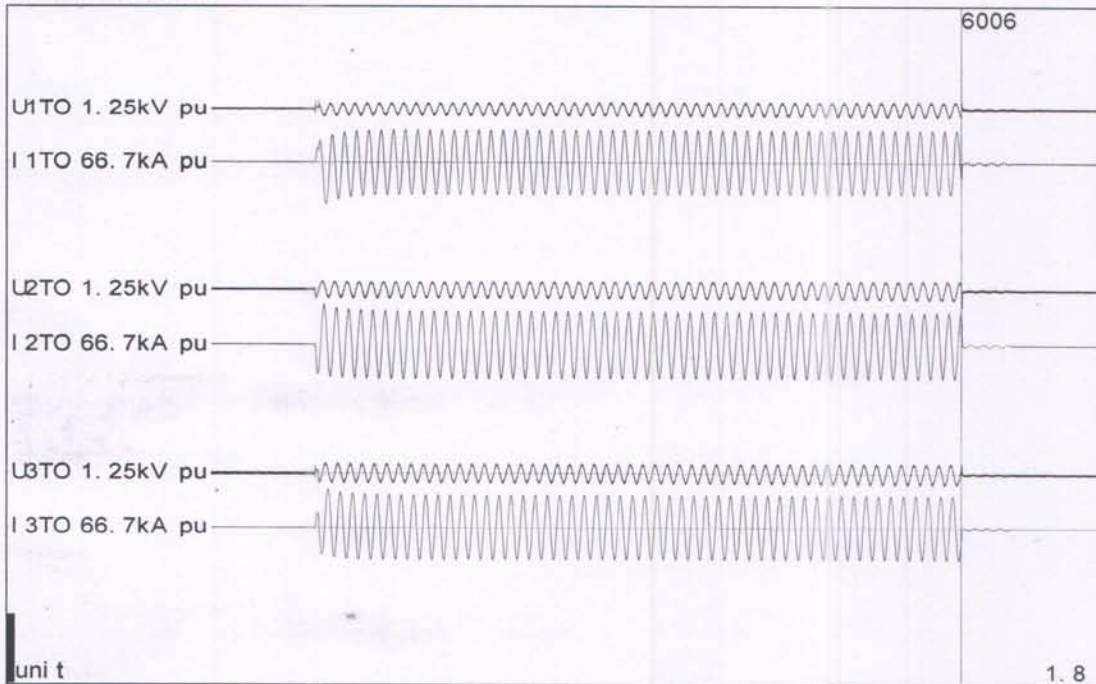
Test number: 150128-6005

Phase		-	-	-
Peak value of current	kA	-42,6	38,7	38,1
Symmetrical current, beginning	kA	23,0	23,5	23,3
Symmetrical current, middle	kA	22,7	23,1	22,8
Symmetrical current, end	kA	22,5	22,9	22,7
Symmetrical current, average	kA	22,8	23,3	22,1
Average current, three phase	kA	22,7		
Current duration	s	1,05	1,05	1,05
Thermal equivalent		22,5 kA during 1,06 s		

Ambient temperature 13,5 °C

Remarks:

Thermal short-circuit test



Test number: 150128-6006

Phase		-	-	-
Peak value of current	kA	-42,3	38,6	37,9
Symmetrical current, beginning	kA	23,0	23,4	23,2
Symmetrical current, middle	kA	22,6	23,0	22,7
Symmetrical current, end	kA	22,5	22,9	22,6
Symmetrical current, average	kA	22,8	23,2	22,0
Average current, three phase	kA	22,7		
Current duration	s	1,05	1,05	1,05
Thermal equivalent		22,5 kA during 1,10 s		

Ambient temperature 13,5 °C

Remarks:

5.7 **Condition / inspection after test**

**Requirement**

No visible deterioration may occur.

**Result**

No visible change. No visible damage.

The object passed the test.

**5.8 Impulse voltage at ambient temperature**

**Standard and date**

Standard IEC 60502-4, Table 6, test number 10

Test date 29 January 2015

**Environmental conditions**

Ambient temperature 20 °C

**Characteristic test data**

Temperature of test object 20 °C

Specified test voltage 95 kV

Testing arrangement		Polarity	Voltage applied (% of test voltage)	No. of impulses	See figure on next pages
Voltage applied to	Earthed				
Conductor 1 test loop 3	Metal screens and conductor 2 and 3	Positive	50	1	1 (waveshape)
			65	1	2
			80	1	2
			100	10	3 and 4
Conductor 1 test loop 3	Metal screens and conductor 2 and 3	Negative	50	1	5 (waveshape)
			65	1	6
			80	1	6
			100	10	7 and 8
Conductor 2 test loop 3	Metal screens and conductor 1 and 3	Positive	50	1	9 (waveshape)
			65	1	10
			80	1	10
			100	10	11 and 12
Conductor 2 test loop 3	Metal screens and conductor 1 and 3	Negative	50	1	13(waveshape)
			65	1	14
			80	1	14
			100	10	15 and 16
Conductor 3 test loop 3	Metal screens and conductor 1 and 2	Positive	50	1	17 (waveshape)
			65	1	18
			80	1	18
			100	10	19 and 20
Conductor 3 test loop 3	Metal screens and conductor 1 and 2	Negative	50	1	21 (waveshape)
			65	1	22
			80	1	22
			100	10	23 and 24

**Note**

On request of the client the applied LI voltage was 95 kV instead of 75 kV.



**Requirement**

Each core of the cable and accessory shall withstand without failure 10 positive and 10 negative voltage impulses.

**Result**

The object passed the test.

### 5.9 AC voltage dry

#### Standard and date

Standard IEC 60502-4, Table 6, test number 11

Test date 29 January 2015

#### Environmental conditions

Ambient temperature 20 °C

Temperature of test object 20 °C

Testing arrangement		Voltage applied, 50 Hz		Duration (min)
Voltage applied to	Earth connected to	... x U <sub>0</sub>	(kV)	
Conductor 1,2 and 3 of test loop 3	Metal screens	2,5	16	15

#### Requirement

No breakdown or flashover shall occur.

#### Result

The object passed the test.

### 5.10 Examination

#### Standard and date

Standard IEC 60502-4, Table 6, test number 12  
Test date 5 February 2015

#### Environmental conditions

Ambient temperature 20 °C  
Temperature of test object 20 °C

Test loop	Observations <sup>1)</sup>
3	None of the following has been detected: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- cracking in the filling material and/or tape or tubing components</li><li>- a moisture path bridging a primary seal</li><li>- corrosion and/or tracking and/or erosion which would, in time, lead to a failure of the accessory</li><li>- leakage of any insulating material</li></ul>

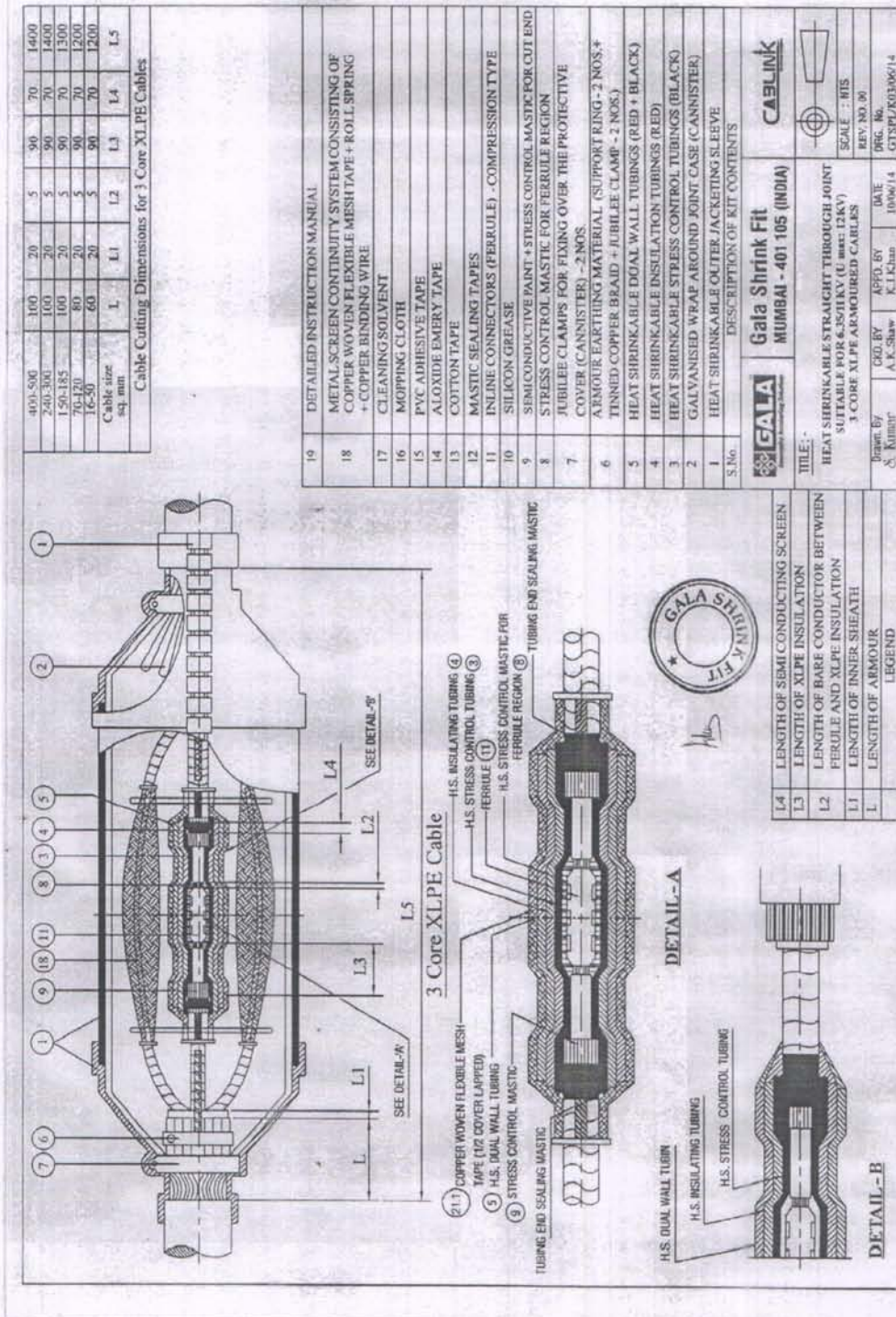
1) Photographs of the examination are presented on the next page

#### Result

The results are for information only.

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## DRAWING



## 7 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties in the results presented are as specified below unless otherwise indicated.

Measurement	Measurement uncertainty
Dielectric tests and impulse current tests:	
– peak value	≤ 3%
– time parameters	≤ 10%
Capacitance measurement	0,3%
Tan δ measurement	± 0,5% ± 5 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>
Partial discharge measurement:	
– < 10 pC	2 pC
– 10 to 100 pC	5 pC
– > 100 pC	20%
Measurement of impedance AC-resistance measurement	≤ 1%
Measurement of losses	≤ 1%
Measurement of insulation resistance	≤ 10%
Measurement of DC resistance:	
– 1 to 5 μΩ	1%
– 5 to 10 μΩ	0,5%
– 10 to 200 μΩ	0,2%
Radio interference test	2 dB
Calibration of current transformers	2,2 × 10 <sup>-4</sup> I <sub>p</sub> /I <sub>n</sub> and 290 μrad
Calibration of voltage transformers	1,6 × 10 <sup>-4</sup> U <sub>p</sub> /U <sub>n</sub> and 510 μrad
Measurement of conductivity	5%
Measurement of temperature:	
– -50 to -40 °C	3 K
– -40 to 125 °C	2 K
– 125 to 150 °C	3 K
Tensile test	1%
Sound level measurement	type 1 meter as per IEC 60651 and ANSI S1,4,1971
Measurement of voltage ratio	0,1%